664.510 Are Individual Training Accounts allowed for youth participants?

## Subpart F—Summer Employment Opportunities

- 664.600 Are Local Boards required to offer summer employment opportunities in the local youth program?
- 664.610 How is the summer employment opportunities element administered?
- 664.620 Do the core indicators described in 20 CFR 666.100(a)(3) apply to participation in summer employment activities?

#### Subpart G—One-Stop Services to Youth

- 664.700 What is the connection between the youth program and the One-Stop service delivery system?
- 664.710 Do Local Boards have the flexibility to offer services to area youth who are not eligible under the youth program through the One-Stop centers?

#### **Subpart H—Youth Opportunity Grants**

- 664.800 How are the recipients of Youth Opportunity Grants selected?
- 664.810 How does a Local Board or other entity become eligible to receive a Youth Opportunity Grant?
- 664.820 Who is eligible to receive services under Youth Opportunity Grants?
- 664.830 How are performance measures for Youth Opportunity Grants determined?

AUTHORITY: Sec. 506(c), Pub. L. 105-220; 20 U.S.C. 9276(c).

Source: 65 FR 49411, Aug. 11, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

#### Subpart A—Youth Councils

#### § 664.100 What is the youth council?

- (a) The duties and membership requirements of the youth council are described in WIA section 117(h) and 20 CFR 661.335 and 661.340.
- (b) The purpose of the youth council is to provide expertise in youth policy and to assist the Local Board in:
- (1) Developing and recommending local youth employment and training policy and practice;
- (2) Broadening the youth employment and training focus in the community to incorporate a youth development perspective:
- (3) Establishing linkages with other organizations serving youth in the local area; and
- (4) Taking into account a range of issues that can have an impact on the

success of youth in the labor market. (WIA sec. 117(h).)

#### § 664.110 Who is responsible for oversight of youth programs in the local area?

- (a) The Local Board, working with the youth council, is responsible for conducting oversight of local youth programs operated under the Act, to ensure both fiscal and programmatic accountability.
- (b) Local program oversight is conducted in consultation with the local area's chief elected official.
- (c) The Local Board may, after consultation with the CEO, delegate its responsibility for oversight of eligible youth providers, as well as other youth program oversight responsibilities, to the youth council, recognizing the advantage of delegating such responsibilities to the youth council whose members have expertise in youth issues. (WIA sec. 117(d); 117(h)(4).)

## Subpart B—Eligibility for Youth Services

### § 664.200 Who is eligible for youth services?

An eligible youth is defined, under WIA sec. 101(13), as an individual who:

- (a) Is age 14 through 21;
- (b) Is a low income individual, as defined in the WIA section 101(25); and
- (c) Is within one or more of the following categories:
  - (1) Deficient in basic literacy skills;
  - (2) School dropout;
- (3) Homeless, runaway, or foster child:
  - (4) Pregnant or parenting;
  - (5) Offender; or
- (6) Is an individual (including a youth with a disability) who requires additional assistance to complete an educational program, or to secure and hold employment. (WIA sec. 101(13).)

# § 664.205 How is the "deficient in basic literacy skills" criterion in § 664.200(c)(1) defined and documented?

(a) Definitions and eligibility documentation requirements regarding the "deficient in basic literacy skills" criterion in §664.200(c)(1) may be established at the State or local level. These